ORESDEN

FORCED TO FIGHT WITHOUT RATIONS Bryan. The Secretary said that representations as to the construction of sub-marines for foreign belligerent gov-ernments had been investigated by the department and found to be erroneous. Inquiry had not revealed any work of any kind being done on foreign war craft

Disease Spreads, Especially in Flooded Area-Troops Endure Winter Hardships.

On Belgian Frontier (name of place deleted by censor), Dec. 1 .- The German athy on the Belgian seacoast is very acutely the terrible effects of winter weather, disease and shortage of food. Practically no winter quarters have been provided for the roops, who are now exposed to the rigors of a Flanders winter.

The Germans have drawn a military cordon round the Dutch-Belgian frontier with a view to preventing news of military happenings or of the condition of their armies leaking out. All train and tram communications between Holland and Belgium have been suspended, and notices have been posted up that persons caught attempting to penetrate the German line will be shot on sight. The only ones who now cross the Dutch frontier are German deserters, who continue to gain the friendly soil of Holland in daily increasing numbers. Many of these deserters reached Dutch territory by way of Sluin and Eede. Numbers of these were on frontier outpost duty.

The flooding of Flanders by the Belgians, while it checked the German advance, also had a disastrous effect on the health of the German troops. Pneumonia, rheumatism and typhoid have laid hold of the unwounded soldiers of the Kaiser's army, and the death roll in Flanders has been very

But perhaps the German soldiers' worst and most feared enemy is famine. Supplies of all kinds have run short, and it has been found impossible adequately to feed armies now holding the line in front of the Allies. Belgium itself has been skinned bare, and the wretched inhabitants have been relieved of everything in the nature of lieved of everything in the nature of foodstuffs. Ostend is absolutely empty of food supplies of all kinds.

A Belgian who accounts

of food supplies of all kinds.

A Belgian who escaped across the frontier into Holland a few days ago said that the Germans were like a cloud of locusts, having eaten up everything in the land of Belgium, the railways having hitherto been used chiefly for the transfer of fresh troops and ammunition for the heavy artillery with the Germans were attemptions. and ammunition for the heavy artillery with which the Germans were attempting to batter their way through to the Straits of Dover. Once over the frontier into the rich land of France, the Germans had reckoned on coming into a country of plenty and calculated on being able to feed their famished armies on the food of the inhabitants and on captured supplies of their defected enemy.

ated enemy. A number of fugitives who contrived A number of fugitives who contrived to evade the military cordon say that every available train is being utilized for hurrying up supplies of food to the front. Fresh troops are coming up to replace those who have been killed or wounded, or who have fallen victims to disease. One Belgian said killed or wounded, or who have failen victims to disease. One Belgian said that the Germans were dying like flies, as they had practically no shelter from the cruel, biting weather in addi-tion to being forced to fight without

THE WAR WEEK BY WEEK Observations from LIFE by

EDWARD S. MARTIN LIFE was quick to catch, as each phase of the big war developed, its meaning for the western world. Such a characteristically keen and

clever comment has appeared no-

where else. Read it.

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GARDNER ALARMED U. S. KEEPS EYE ON SUBMARINE MAKERS

ure of naval armament, which might

nvolve the neutrality of the United

States, is being kept under scrutiny of

the State Department, according to a statement made to-day by Secretary

Naval vessels to be used for war pur poses, Mr. Bryan said, were in a dif-ferent category from other war sup-plies, such as powder and guns. He in-

THINKS U. S. STAND

HINDERS GERMANY

Count von Reventlow

Holds American Attitude

Benefits Allies.

what was contraband.

The reply stated that the United States withdrew its suggestion, made to the belligerent countries, that the

The United States government, therefore, the reply said, would insist that its rights and its duties and those of

State Department Investigating Building of Boats for Representative Believes Other Countries. President Favors Side-Washington, Dec. 1 .- The manufact-

> **DENIES PROBE CAN** BE CALLED WARLIKE

tracking Measure.

Chairman of Rules Committee, However, Likely to Thwart Administration's Aim.

ferent category from other war supplies, such as powder and guns. He indicated that it was the purpose of the State Department to be on the watch for the sale of such vessels and to investigate all reports that they were under construction.

The department takes the attitude that the question whether the sale and shipment of submarmes in parts is a violation of neutrality is one that will not be decided until it arises.

[From The Tribune Bureau.]

Washington, Dec. 1.—No public investigation of the preparedness of this country for war will be held by either the Senate or the House if the Democratic leaders can prevent it. Signs were not lacking that this plan would have the backing of President Wilson, for it is understood he not alone is opposed to any such action at this time, but will support the Democratic leaders in their efforts to sidetrack it. This means that the resolution introviolation of neutrality is one that will not be decided until it arises. leaders in their efforts to sidetrack it.
This means that the resolution introduced by Representative Augustus P.
Gardner, of Massachusetts, providing for an investigation of the preparedness of this country, will get little show in the House.

These indications were disclosed after a visit to the White House to-day of Mr. Gardner, who declared, without seeing the President, that he was afraid that the President meant to lay

afraid that the President, that he was afraid that the President meant to lay "the cold hand of death" on the movement. Mr. Gardner called at the White House in response to a letter from the President in which the President said he would like very much to have a conference with the Representative on his resolution adding that

Berlin, Dec. 1.—The statement of the American Ambassador, James W. Gerard, regarding contraband, is generally reprinted in the German press. The "Kreuz Zeitung" says that no objection can be raised to the standpoint taken, which is thoroughly objective and comprehensive.

Count Ernest von Reventlow, in the "Tages Zeitung," finds the American standpoint technically correct but attantion of the contract of the co

only the Allies benefit, and which constantly strengthen the military effort directed against Germany, actually work out in practice as a support of one belligerent to the detriment of another, and in a way are contrary to the spirit of neutrality. He makes the suggestion that the American government use the weight of its authority in London to insure the delivery of such supplies to Germany and its allies. He also says that the United States will be able to demonstrate, by such a practical policy, indubitably that its neutrality is loyal.

The statement credited to Ambassador Gerard is undoubtedly the view expressed by the United States in its reply to Germany's protest that England and France were violating the

and no strength of the view expressed by the United States in its reply to Germany's protest that England and France were violating the Declaration of London with regard to son's

"The trouble with Secretary Garri-

"The trouble with Secretary Garrison's plan of requiring a summons from the Rules Committee is that that is probably the very last thing that the committee would do, if the President puts his foot down."

The President's letter to Mr. Gardner was dictated while Mr. Wilson was at Williamstown on a visit to his daughter. It was as follows:

"My dear Mr. Gardner: I have your letter of November 23, for which I thank you. You may be sure that I do not have an attitude of indifference to the great subject you broach, but I should like very much to have a conference with you before the resolution you have in mind is offered in order to present my views more fully than is possible in a letter."

While it is believed that the administration forces will be marshalled to prevent any action on the Gardner resolution there were predictions tonight that representative Henry, who is the present the committee. Declaration of London be adopted as a temporary code of naval warfare for use in the present war, and that this was done because of the unwillingness of some of the belligerents to adopt the Declaration of London without modification its rights and its duties and those of its citizens in the present war be de-fined by the existing rules of inter-national law and the treaties of the United States with the belligerents. It also said that the United States gov-ernment would reserve the right to enter a demand or protest in every case in which its rights and duties were violated or their free exercise hindered.

were violated or their free exercise hindered.

Washington, Dec. 1.—In reply to Count von Reventlow's contention that the American position on the Declaration of the Rules Committee.

Washington, Dec. 1.—In reply to Count von Reventlow's contention that the American position on the Declaration of the Rules Committee.

Washington, Dec. 1.—In reply to Count von Reventlow's contention that the total Rules Committee.

Washington, Dec. 1.—In reply to to the House so that the eager Representatives may turn loose a flood of coratory on it for home consumption.

Gry Cable to The Tribune.]

Amsterdam, Dec. 1.—Trouble is brewing between the German and Belgian authorities in Antwerp. The Germans are annoyed at the impossition of Lordon was in a way conthe American position on the Declaration of London was, in a way, contrary to the spirit of neutrality and actually worked to the benefit of the Allies, State Department officials take the view that no other way seemed to be open to the United States in its efforts to observe neutrality than to take the stand it did in Ambassador Gerard's official statement.

If the stand of the United States works, as Count von Reventlow argues, to strengthen the Allies, the officials point out that it is due solely to Germany's position, which makes it difficult for her to benefit from shipments from the United States.

COUNT VON MOLTKE ON WAY TO FRONT

Paris, Dec. 1.—An official statement from the General Staff of the Russian army in the Caucacus, telegraphed to-day from Petrograd, says:

"In the valley of the Euphrates he Russian column, taking the offensive, dislodged the Turks from their positions and put them to flight. The Russians captured two cannon and also a certain number of prisoners."

If It's Advertised in The Tribune It's Guaranteed. See Editorial Page, First Column.

GERMANY OFFERS TUNIS TO ITALY

FOR DEFENCE BILL But Italian Papers Say It Will Take More than That to Win Her Support.

> Rome, Dec. 1.—The German government apparently has not yet despaired of seeing Italy rise to its well baited hook, but Italian papers say it will take more to draw Italy back into the German net than the latest snare spread for her. These remarks refer to an article in the "Deutsche Tages-Zeitung" inviting Italy to step in and take over Tunis, now that she has the chance. The paper points out that, reinforced Tunis, now that she has the chance. The paper points out that, reinforced by the Turkish fleet and the Austrian navy, the Italian fleet would easily be a match for the Anglo-French squadron in the Mediterranean, and an energetic action in common would inevitably result in the quasi-automatic acquisition of Tunis by Italy—an acquisition which would be as legitimate in law as by reason of the predominence of the Italian element in Tunis.
>
> A little reflection, concludes the A little reflection, concludes the tempter, should suffice to convince Italy that all she needs is the decision to do and dare. The result would be as easy to obtain as it would be profitable and farreaching. In quoting this article, Italian papers declayer there is good enthority for as-

declare there is good authority for as-serting that it undoubtedly reflects Wilhelmstrasse ideas, and was, indeed, directly inspired by the German For-

TURKEY OVERRUN BY BRIGAND BANDS

that to Rob Europeans.

The Representation of the Ottoman Empire. The Turks appears to have become everywhere the example of the subjects of the allied nations.

"In England the expense of the subjects of the allied nations."

"In Empresentation to work to the Allies eventually using them. Even a German steamer which brought a cargo of dynamit explosives suffered the same fate. The only boat which exaped was an Austrian ship, which preferred to risk verre about to scuttle her.

An Italian packet which appeared in ight to one evening caused a general manner.

The Empresentation of the Alies eventually using them. Even a German steamer which brought a cargo of dynamic explosives suffered the same fate. The only boat which exaped was an Austrian ship, which preferred to risk verre about to scuttle her.

An Italian packet which appeared in ight one evening caused a general manner.

The Empresentation of the Alies eventually using them. Even a German steamer which progetically in the woods of La Grure. The following official announcement was given out in Berlin to-day:

"In Belgium the German infantry has essayed, without success, a sortice and bout an appalling state of affairs in the destination of the Lines and the park of Vermelles of the subjects of the allied nations.

"In Empresent the expense of the subjects of the su standpoint technically correct, but argues that such shipments, whereby only the Allies benefit, and which constantly strengthen the military effort. "As to the President's objection to which benefits agreed that such shipments, whereby sounds even more wallike than an insum to prevent the Allies eventually vestigation." "As to the President's objection to which because the same of conditions in Syria. All steamure of conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria. All steaming a brace of superdreadnoughts are such conditions in Syria.

plosives suffered the same fate. The only boat which escaped was an Austrian ship, which preferred to risk capture and started just as the Turks were about to scuttle her.

An Italian packet which appeared in sight one evening caused a general panic. Under the belief that it was a hostile warship, the Governor immediately ordered a special train to leave, declaring he would burn the city rather than let it fall into French or British hands.

All persons leaving Beirut are

British hands.

All persons leaving Beirut are searched and allowed to take away only £8, any other sum they may have being confiscated as a war tax.

At Jaffa all Europeans of prominence were imprisoned. Jaffa is now like a dead city. The able-bodied population has been mobilized and all provisions requisitioned.

Throughout the empire Turks are one are of war, who have been mobilized and all provisions requisitioned.

ANTWERP WON'T PAY ITS \$10,000,000 FINE

German and Civilian Authorities Now in a Deadlock Because of Latter's Stipulations.

IRy Cable to The Tribune.] brewing between the German and Belgian authorities in Antwerp. The bility of obtaining payment of the \$10,000,000 fine which they imposed upon the city, the local authorities have made it plain that they will pay only in return for a solemn undertaking that the German army authorities will not only refrain from all further commandeering in Antwerp, but will stores they may requisition. This the Germans will not do. As the Belgians argue that any other course is contrary to the stipulations agreed upon when the city surrendered a deadlock has arisen.

It is removed to the stipulations agreed upon when the city surrendered a deadlock has arisen.

deadlock has arisen.

It is reported in Amsterdam that the inhabitants of Antwerp are allowed only ten ounces of bread per capita daily.

LIFT BOY SAVES

100 GIRLS AT I

Official Reports of German-Austrian

100 150 200

Arras.
"In the region of the Aisne there was intermittent artillery fire along all the front. In the Argonne the fighting continues, but without bringing any change in the situation.
"In the Woevre district and in the Vosges there is nothing to report."

AT KINGSTON, ONT.

Kingston, Ont., Dec. 1.—Quartered Fort Henry are five hundred prison-Throughout the empire Turks are encouraged by Germans to indulge in every sort of brigandage. It appears as if in a very short time the fruits of the laborious work of generations of European colonists will pass into the possession of bands of robbers composed of a mixed government of Turks and Germans.

at Fort Henry are nve hundred prison—
ers of war, who have been gathered from all parts of the Province of Ontarion. A party of seventy-five was brought to the fort on Sunday from Montreal. Of the prisoners at the fort more than one hundred are Turks.

Because of the steady increase the guard has been enlarged and machine guard has been enlarged and machine guard has been enlarged and machine guard has been added to the defence of the place. The largest number of pris
"In the southern war theatre a further step in the operations has reached a victorious conclusion. The enemy, who for several days has been offering very strong resistance east of the privers Kolubara and Ljid, Servia, again mattempted to take the offensive, but was repulsed, suffering heavy losses on this retreat. On the battlefield at Komatic alone our troops found 800 under the privers kolubara and Ljid, Servia, again mattempted to take the offensive, but was repulsed, suffering heavy losses on this retreat. On the battlefield at Komatic alone our troops found 800 under the privers kolubara and Ljid, Servia, again mattempted to take the offensive, but was repulsed, suffering heavy losses on the privers kolubara and Ljid, Servia, again mattempted to take the offensive, but was repulsed, suffering heavy losses on the privers kolubara and Ljid, Servia, again mattempted to take the offensive, but was repulsed, suffering heavy losses on the privers kolubara and Ljid, Servia, again mattempted to take the offensive, but was repulsed, suffering heavy losses on the privers kolubara and Ljid, Servia, again mattempted to take the offensive, but was repulsed, suffering heavy losses on the privers kolubara and Ljid, Servia, again matempted to take the off at Fort Henry are five hundred prisonguns have been added to the defence of the place. The largest number of pris-oners are Germans. One of the Turk-ish prisoners, Mahmed Selim, died on Sunday, and the Turkish funeral service was permitted by the prison au-thorities, under a strong military

KAISER NOT TAXING U. S. FOOD IN BELGIUM

London, Dec. 1.—The American Bel-gian Relief Committee characterized to-day as without foundation the state-ment published in the "Echo Belge" on

100 GIRLS AT FIRE

BEGUN BY ECUADOR

Guayaquil, Dec. 1.—A commission appointed to investigate the alleged of forty-five women and children. Constitucion for the Galapagos Islands, in the Pacific Ocean.

Great Britain and France have warned the republics of Ecuador and Colombia that violation of neutrality by those countries would not be tolerated. This warning was founded on the charges that both countries permitted wireless messages to be sent to German fleet to coal in their territory.

Recently the Ecuadorean Foreign Minister, Señor Moreno, referring to the complaint that beligerent vessels had violated the neutrality of the Galapagos Islands, said that the government was ready to have this alleged occurrence investigated.

Aidificult.

Policemen Malloy and Dugan, at the head of forty-five women and children, crossed the roof of 805 and brought the head of forty-five women and children. Cross and troop of the charges to safety through the head of porty-five women and children. The charges to safety through the head of forty-five women and children. The charges to safety through the head of forty-five women and children. The charges to safety through the head of forty-five women and children. The charges to safety through the head of forty-five women and children. The charges to safety through the head of porty-five women and children. The strained "Mr. Cleary's deuted Lawyer Comesky, and will stand by him. She will be attentive to jump.

Arthur Hammerstein.

Arthur Hammerstein denied yester-day that the relation where we shall call her."

Attorney Wyre, of Nyack, will be attentive to two shots at him late Mon. While neither Gagan for the prosecution.

While neither Gagan for the prosecution.

While neither Gagan for the victim, would make public the contents of

ate. The system of the forman infantry.

"The enemy continued to show conto risk iderable activity to the north of the Turks are peared in intermittent artillery fire along all the intermittent artillery fire along all the front. In the Argonne the fighting conto it was a tinues, but without bringing any made prisoners. "The total number of prisoners tak-

> "Archduke Frederick, commander in "Arenduse Frederics," congratu-chief of the Austrian army, congratu-lated Field Marshal Paul von Hinden-burg on his promotion, emphasizing the unvarying harmony which exists in the Austro-Hungarian army."

SUFFRAGISTS FRILL **BOOTHS AT PRIMARY**

Feminine Touches Abound at Equal Franchise Society Balloting.

with blue ribbon. They came from the millinery store next door.

Mrs. John O'Hara Cosgrave took charge of the primary, assisted by Mrs. Howard Mansfield, president of the Equal Franchise Society. There was some delay in getting started, due to a doubt which seemed to disturb most of the voters when they were asked to register their names.

Chief of German General Staff, is daily.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—Count von Molte, chief of the German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German General Staff, is said by the "Vossische Zeibundung German Ge

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MR. TAFT'S TALK **URGES CLERGY TO** LEAD TO PEACE STIRS AUSTRALIA

\$115 TO \$235 FASHIONABLE FUR COATS AT \$85 to \$195

Dr. Mendes Suggests Last Melbourne Paper Fears Sabbath of "War-Cursed

president of the Union of Orthodox Age," referring to the views of former Jewish Congregations, yesterday is- President Taft concerning the Monsued an open letter to the clergy of toe Doctrine expressed recently at America asking that the last Sunday Montelair, N. J., and particularly his of the month be devoted to efforts statement that the United States against militarism and to paving the would not be compelled by the terms

"Brothers." he says, "it is for us should be attacked by Germany, has "Brothers." he says, "it is for us of all men to proclaim the horrors of war, its crime, cost and curse; to condemn the wastage of human life, the immolation of manhood, the desolation of women's hearts. But let us also use our pulpit to suggest a remover obligations as Americans, as men, and as servants of the Most High.

"Let us, the spiritual leaders, the servants of 60d, be we Catholic or

obligations as Americans, as men, and as servants of the Most High.

"Let us, the spiritual leaders, the servants of God, be we Catholic or Protestant or Greek Church or Jewish Church, or of any shade of belief, be united in this. Let our governing councils or executives or authorities riect to consult for concerted action, and let us devote the last Sabbath of this war-cursed year to waking the public conscience and to stirring the hearts before us. If we, the exponents of religion, remain silent while the world is weeping, what is the good of religion? religion?
"It is for the clergy to build the

road, to prepare the way for peace and human happiness and to lift up every stumbling block, be it national jeal-ousy, national hatred, national revenge

or national selfishness.

"As for the present war, we are told that it is worse than useless to inter-fere while the warring nations are war-drunken and their leaders 'possessed with demons' which shatter human lives and human loves.

and human loves.

"Emphatically I declare I do not stare this belief, for a memorandum signed by the leading Catholic and Protestant church dignitaries of every country would be respectfully received and would even, if its appeal should be rejected, at least 'prepare the way' for an opportune presentation. The moment must come when one side will listen to the whisper of mediation, will welcome some way, any way, to honorable peace. Shall the voice of religion be silent then? Would not the united

In his address at Montelair on Friday night ex-President Taft said that, while the landing of troops in Canada by enemies of Great Britain would not constitute a violation of the Monroe Doctrine, any effort to establish a new form of government in case of victory would violate that policy.

"All that the Monroe Boctrine would consistently require of us would be to insist that, when the war is over, if Germany were successful, she could not take over the territory of Canada and overthrow her government and establish her own there, or take any oppressive measures which would have a similar effect," he added. "But we would not object to her exacting an indemity if she were the victor." BRITISH MAY LIFT EMBARGO TO AID U. S.

U. S. Has Abandoned

Monroe Doctrine.

of the doctrine to intervene if Canada

London, Dec. I.—The American Embassy and the Foreign Office have held a long series of conferences concerning the British prohibition against the exportation of certain articles which America needs for manufacturing, and it is expected that a final decision will be reached soon, probably resulting in this government lifting the embargo. If this action is taken it will be a great boon to certain American indus-

able peace. Shall the voice of religion the silent then? Would not the united woices of all shades of religious great boon to certain American industries.

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